## Forestland Interpretations

Forestland interpretations are important to good management. The management of trees begins with an understanding of the soil where they grow or are to be grown. Some soils are very suitable for growing wood crops; others barely support tree cover. Different tree species may vary in production on the same soil.

Forestland interpretations should be used to assist land users in planning, installing, and maintaining forestland management systems.

## Forest Management and Productivity

The Forestland Management and Productivity tables presents information about suitable for producing timber for each soil map unit. Management concerns, which include hand planting, mechanical planting, use of harvesting equipment, mechanical site preparation (surface), roads (natural surface), erosion on roads and trails, off-road/trail erosion, soil rutting, log landings, seedling survival, are listed by ratings of:

- Not Limited (0.00)
- Slightly Limited (0.01 to 0.30)
- Moderately Limited (0.31 to 0.60)
- Limited (0.61 to 0.99)
- Very Limited (1.00)

Information on potential productivity includes plant competition, common trees, site index, productivity class, and trees to plant.

## Management Concerns

**PLANT COMPETITION** - A rating of slight indicates little or no competition from other plants; moderate indicates that plant competition is expected to hinder the development of the fully stocked stand of desirable trees; and severe means that plant competition is expected to prevent the establishment of a desirable stand unless the site is intensively prepared, weeded, or otherwise managed for the control of undesirable plants.

**POTENTIAL PRODUCTIVITY -** This is discussed under the ordination class symbol.

**COMMON TREES** - Trees that generally occur on the soil are listed regardless of economic importance.

**SITE INDEX AND PRODUCTIVITY CLASS** - These are discussed under ordination class symbol.

**TREES TO PLANT** - Trees that are suitable for commercial wood production and that are adapted to the soil.

**HAND PLANTING** – ratings are based on slope, depth to a restrictive layer, content of sand, plasticity index, rock fragments on or below the surface, a water table, and ponding. Ratings indicate the expected difficulty of hand planting, which includes the proper placement of root systems of tree seedlings to a depth of up to 12 inches, using standard hand planting tools. It is assumed that necessary site preparation is completed before seedlings are planted.

**MECHANICAL PLANTING** – ratings are based on slope, depth to a restrictive layer, content of sand, plasticity index, rock fragments on or below the surface, a water table, and ponding. Ratings indicate the expected difficulty using a mechanical planter, which includes proper placement of root systems of tree seedlings to a depth up to 12 inches. It is assumed that necessary site preparation is completed before seedlings are planted.

**USE OF HARVEST EQUIPMENT** – ratings are based on slope, rock fragments on the surface, plasticity index, content of sand, surface texture, a water table, and ponding. Ratings indicate the suitability for operating harvest equipment for off –road transport or harvest of logs and/or wood products by ground-based wheeled or tracked equipment.

**MECHANICAL SITE PREPARATION (SURFACE)** – ratings are based on slope, depth to a restrictive layer, plasticity index, rock fragments on or below the surface, a water table, and ponding. The part of the soil from the surface to a depth of about 12 inches is considered in the ratings. Ratings indicate the suitability of using surface-altering soil tillage equipment to prepare the site for planting or seeding.

**ROADS (NATURAL SURFACE)** – ratings are based on slope, rock fragments on the surface, plasticity index, content of sand, surface texture, a water table, ponding, flooding, and the hazard of soil slippage. The ratings indicate the suitability for using the natural surface of the soil for roads on which trucks transport logs and other wood products from the site.

**EROSION** (**ROAD/TRAIL**) – ratings are based on the soil erodibility factor K, slope, and content of rock fragments. The ratings apply to unsurfaced roads and trails.

**EROSION (OFF-ROAD/OFF-TRAIL)** – ratings are based on slope and on soil erodibility factor K. The soil loss is caused by sheet or rill erosion in off-road or off-trail areas where 50 to 75 percent of the surface has been exposed by logging, grazing, mining, or other kinds of disturbance.

**SOIL RUTTING** – ratings are based on a water table, rock fragments on or below the surface, surface texture, depth to a restrictive layer, and slope. Ratings indicate the hazard or risk of ruts in the uppermost soil surface layers by operation of forest equipment. Soil displacement and puddling (soil deformation and compaction) may occur simultaneously with rutting.

**LOG LANDINGS** – ratings are based on slope, rock fragments on the surface, plasticity index, content of sand, surface texture, a water table, ponding, flooding, and the hazard of soil slippage. Ratings indicate the suitability of the soil at the forest site to serve as a log landing and allows the efficient and effective use of equipment for the temporary storage and handling of logs.

**SEEDLING SURVIVAL** – ratings are based on flooding, ponding, a water table, content of lime, reaction, salinity, available water capacity, soil moisture regime, soil temperature regime, aspect, and slope. Ratings indicate the impact of soil, physiographic, and climatic conditions on the survivability of newly established tree seedlings.

See the National Forestry Manual, Subpart B for criteria used in rating management concerns.

This subsection includes:

• (a) Forest Management (one or two tables)

	Potential productivity				
Map symbol and soil name	Common trees	Site Volume index of wood fiber		Trees to manage	
			cu ft/ac		
Br: Bremer	eastern cottonwood silver maple	90	100 29	American sycamore, arborvitae, common hackberry, eastern cottonwood, green ash, silver maple	
Ca: Carlow	eastern cottonwood pin oak	85 75	86 57	baldcypress, eastern cottonwood, green ash, pecan, pin oak, silver maple, sweetgum, willow oak	
Ch: Chariton					
Ed: Edina					
Fa: Fatima	black walnutbur oakpin oak	  86	0 0 72	American sycamore, black oak, black walnut, eastern cottonwood, pecan, pin oak	
Fr: Freeburg	white oak	65	43	black oak, eastern cottonwood, green ash, pecan, pin oak, tuliptree, white oak	
GaC: Armstrong	northern red oakwhite oak	55 55	43 43	European larch, eastern white pine, red pine, sugar maple	
Gara	northern red oakwhite oak	55 55	43 43	eastern white pine, northern red oak, red pine, white oak	
GaD: Armstrong	northern red oakwhite oak	55 55	43 43	European larch, eastern white pine, red pine, sugar maple	
Gara	northern red oakwhite oak	55 55	43 43	eastern white pine, northern red oak, red pine, white oak	

Table E1.--Forest Productivity--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Common trees	Site Volume index of wood fiber		Trees to manage	
			cu ft/ac		
GcC3: Armstrong	northern red oakwhite oak	55 55	43 43	European larch, eastern white pine, red pine, sugar maple	
Gara	northern red oakwhite oak	55 55	43 43	eastern white pine, red pine, white oak	
GnB: Greenton					
GnC: Greenton					
GnD: Greenton					
GrB: Grundy					
GrC: Grundy					
Gu: Gullied Land					
HaB: Hatton	black oakwhite oak	61 56	43 43	Norway maple, black oak, bur oak, scarlet oak, white ash, white oak	
HaC: Hatton	black oakwhite oak	61 56	43 43	Norway maple, black oak, bur oak, scarlet oak, white ash, white oak	
Hn: Haynie	American sycamore black walnut eastern cottonwood green ash	110  110 	157 0 157 0	black walnut, eastern cottonwood	
Ho: Hodge	eastern cottonwood silver maple	110 105	157 57	eastern cottonwood, green ash, silver maple	
KnC: Knox	northern red oakwhite oak	78 69	57 57	black walnut, eastern white pine, green ash, tuliptree	

Table E1.--Forest Productivity--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Common trees	Site index	Volume of wood fiber	Trees to manage
			cu ft/ac	
KnD3: Knox	northern red oak white oak	78 69	57 57	black walnut, eastern white pine, green ash, tuliptree
KnE3: Knox	northern red oak white oak	78 69	57 57	black walnut, eastern white pine, green ash, tuliptree
LaB: Ladoga	northern red oak white oak	75 75	57 57	European larch, black walnut, eastern white pine, northern red oak, red pine, sugar maple, white oak
LaC: Ladoga	northern red oak white oak	75 75	57 57	European larch, black walnut, eastern white pine, northern red oak, red pine, sugar maple, white oak
Le: Leta	black willoweastern cottonwood	90	0 100	eastern cottonwood, green ash, pecan, silver maple, sweetgum
LnE: Lindley	black oak northern red oak white oak	63 61 56	43 43 43	black oak, northern red oak, white oak
LrE3: Lindley	black oak northern red oak white oak	63 61 56	43 43 43	black oak, northern red oak, white oak
LsC: Keswick	northern red oakwhite oak	55 55	43 43	eastern white pine, red pine, sugar maple
Lindley	black oak northern red oak white oak	63 61 56	43 43 43	black oak, northern red oak, white oak
LsD: Keswick	northern red oak white oak	55 55	43 43	eastern white pine, red pine, sugar maple

Table E1.--Forest Productivity--Continued

Index   of wood   fiber		Potential productivity			
Lindley		Common trees		of wood	Trees to manage
Northern red oak				cu ft/ac	
Lindley	nort	hern red oak	61	43	black oak, northern red oak, white oak
M-W:       Water	nort	hern red oak	61	43	black oak, northern red oak, white oak
MaC:         Mandeville         Dlack oak         0         sweetgum, tuliptree, ash, white oak           MaD:         Mandeville         0         sweetgum, tuliptree, ash, white oak           MaD:         Mandeville         0         sweetgum, tuliptree, ash, white oak           MaE:         Mandeville         0         sweetgum, tuliptree, ash, white oak           MbD3:         Mandeville         0         sweetgum, tuliptree, ash, white oak           Mandeville         0         sweetgum, tuliptree, ash, white oak           MbD3:         Mandeville         0         sweetgum, tuliptree, ash, white oak           Mc:         Marion         0         sweetgum, tuliptree, ash, white oak           Mc:         Marion         0         sweetgum, tuliptree, ash, white oak           Mc:         Marion         0         sweetgum, tuliptree, oak           Mc:         Marion         0         sweetgum, tuliptree, oak           Mc:         Marion         0         black walnut         0           Marion         0         black walnut         0         black walnut           Mc:         0         black walnut         0         black walnut           0         white oak         0         black walnut         0					eastern white pine, red pine, sugar maple
Mandeville					
Mandeville	blac	k walnut		0	sweetgum, tuliptree, white ash, white oak
Mandeville	blac	k walnut		0	sweetgum, tuliptree, white ash, white oak
Mandeville	blac	k walnut		0	sweetgum, tuliptree, white ash, white oak
Marion post oak 50 black willow eastern cottonwood, ash, pin oal silver maple tuliptree, woak	blac	k walnut		0	sweetgum, tuliptree, white ash, white oak
		oake oak	50	1	cottonwood, green ash, pin oak, silver maple, tuliptree, white
Marshall					
MhC: Marshall					
green ash, j	whit	e oak	55	43	eastern cottonwood, green ash, pecan, pin oak, sweetgum, white oak

Table E1.--Forest Productivity--Continued

	Potential produ	uctivi		
Map symbol and soil name	Common trees	Site index	Volume of wood fiber	Trees to manage
			cu ft/ac	
MnB: Menfro	black oak northern red oak sugar maple white ash white oak	73 81 68 70 59	57 57 43 43 43	black walnut, eastern white pine, green ash, shortleaf pine, sugar maple, tuliptree, white oak
MnC: Menfro	black oak northern red oak sugar maple white ash white oak	73 81 68 70 59	57 57 43 43 43	black walnut, eastern white pine, green ash, shortleaf pine, sugar maple, tuliptree, white oak
MnD: Menfro	black oak northern red oak sugar maple white ash white oak	73 81 68 70 59	57 57 43 43 43	black walnut, eastern white pine, green ash, shortleaf pine, sugar maple, tuliptree, white oak
MnD3: Menfro	black oak northern red oak sugar maple white ash white oak	73 81 68 70 59	57 57 43 43 43	black walnut, eastern white pine, green ash, shortleaf pine, sugar maple, tuliptree, white oak
MnE: Menfro	black oak northern red oak sugar maple white ash white oak	73 81 68 70 59	57 57 43 43 43	black walnut, eastern white pine, green ash, shortleaf pine, sugar maple, tuliptree, white oak
MoB: Mexico				
Mu: Moniteau	pin oak	70	57	black willow, eastern cottonwood, green ash, pin oak, silver maple, sweetgum, white oak, willow oak
NaB: Napier				

Table E1.--Forest Productivity--Continued

Map symbol and soil name	Common trees	Site index	Volume of wood fiber	Trees to manage
			cu ft/ac	
Nd: Nodaway				
NoE: Norris	black oak northern red oak white oak	 57 53	0 43 29	eastern redcedar
Rock Land				
PrB: Pershing	white oak	55	43	eastern white pine, red pine, white oak
PrC: Pershing	white oak	55	43	eastern white pine, red pine, white oak
Rw: Riverwash				
Sa: Sarpy	eastern cottonwood	95	114	American sycamore, eastern cottonwood, silver maple
ShB: Sharpsburg				
ShC: Sharpsburg				
SM: Strip Mines				
W: Water				
WeB: Weller	white oak	55	43	black walnut, eastern white pine, red pine, sugar maple
WeC: Weller	white oak	55	43	black walnut, eastern white pine, red pine, sugar maple
WnB: Winfield	black oak northern red oak white oak	65 60 65	43 43 43	black oak, eastern white pine, green ash, northern red oak, tuliptree

Table E1.--Forest Productivity--Continued

	Potential produ			
Map symbol and soil name	Common trees		Volume of wood fiber	Trees to manage
			cu ft/ac	
WnC: Winfield	black oak northern red oak white oak	65 60 65		black oak, eastern white pine, green ash, northern red oak, tuliptree
WnD: Winfield	black oak northern red oak white oak	65 60 65	43 43 43	black oak, eastern white pine, green ash, northern red oak, tuliptree
WnD3: Winfield	black oak northern red oak white oak	65 60 65	43 43 43	black oak, eastern white pine, green ash, northern red oak, tuliptree